A.P. EURO TEXT ASSIGNMENT:CHAPTER 12:WARS OF RELIGION (388-397)

1. How did Roman Catholic and many Protestant churches come to look so different in the late

1600s and 1700s?

The best known *baroque* artists of the era were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The best known Protestant artist of the era was the Dutch Mennonite, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. In the Holy Roman Empire, most Protestants were Lutherans, Zwinglians or Anabaptists.

But in northwestern Europe, most Protestants were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Which ruler was the best *politique* of the era? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Which rulers were non-politiques? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What does the term *politique* mean?

A non-politique would then be someone who:

1. French Protestants were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The edicts of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(1540) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1551) called for heavy persecution of French Protestants.

This would continue until 1589 when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became the king of France.

Mary, Queen of Scots, and a Catholic-turned-Calvinist, was the young widow of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

and a member of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ family. While only about 7% of the French population as a

whole were Protestants, about 40% of French \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were Protestant. The French

wars of religion began in March of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when the Catholic duke of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ massacred

Protestant worshippers in the town of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which was located in the region of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

What happened to this duke shortly thereafter? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What rights did French Protestants achieve in 1570?

The “real power” behind the throne was in the mother of 3 French kings who served as

monarchs from 1559 until 1589. Who was that? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Explain what happened on August 24, 1572:

Explain how Henry IV (of Navarre) was a skillful *politique* of the era:

What was the “Edict of Nantes”? How did it come to an end?